

# **QIP Series**





Example Assembling (see: Recommended Accessories)

## FOUR CHANNEL PREAMPLIFIER

#### Features

- Very small size
- High signal-to-noise ratio
- Bandwidth up to 100 MHz
- Dedicated for operation with uncooled, quadrant geometry detectors
- Fully protected against exceeding supply voltage and reversing power supply polarity
- Custom configurations upon request
- Additional accessories available

### **Applications**

• Laser beam positioning

### Description

**QIP** is the four channel, transimpedance, AC or DC coupled preamplifier. It is dedicated for BenchTop or OEM applications and, in some cases, requires external heat sink (see Recommended Accessories).

QIP is designed to work with either biased or non-biased, uncooled , quadrant geometry detectors.

### **Preamplifier Specification**

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Typical Value	Conditions, Remarks	
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	<u>_nV</u> √Hz	0.97 – 8.0 <sup>1)</sup>	$f_o = 10 \text{ kHz}^{2}$	
Input Noise Current Density	in	<u>_nV</u> √Hz	0.02 – 3.51)	$f_o = 10 \text{ kHz}^{2)}$	
Low Cut-Off Frequency	f <sub>lo</sub>	Hz	DC 1k, 10k	DC coupling set AC coupling set	
High Cut-Off Frequency	f <sub>hi</sub>	Hz	100k to 100M		
Transimpedance	Ki	V A	up to 2×10⁵		
Transimpedance Range	K <sub>i max</sub> K <sub>i min</sub>	-	up to 5	dependent on the high cut-off frequency	
Output Impedance	R <sub>out</sub>	Ω	50		
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>out</sub>	V	±10 ±1	$f_{hi} \le 1 \text{ MHz}, \text{ R}_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega^{3)}$ 1 MHz < $f_{hi} \le 100 \text{ MHz}, \text{ R}_L = 50 \Omega^{3)}$	
Output Voltage Offset	V <sub>off</sub>	mV	max ±204)		
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{sup}$	V	±15 ±9	$f_{hi} \le 1 \text{ MHz}$ 1 MHz < $f_{hi} \le 100 \text{ MHz}$	
Power Supply Current	I <sub>sup</sub>	mA	max ±50	no detector biasing	
Dimensions	-	mm×mm×mm	50×58.5×50 width×depth×height		

Electrical characteristics @ T<sub>a</sub> = 20 °C

<sup>1)</sup> The preamplifier noise may significantly reduce the system performance in some situations.

<sup>2)</sup>  $f_0$  – noise measurement frequency

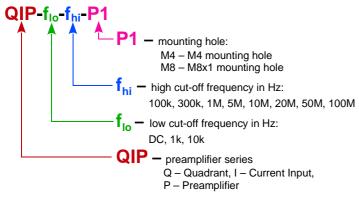
<sup>4)</sup> Measured with equivalent resistor at the input instead of the detector. It's to avoid the environmental thermal radiation's impact

This happens for large capacitance detectors operating at high frequencies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> R<sub>L</sub> – load resistance



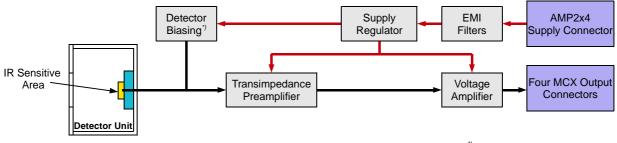
### **Preamplifier Code Description**



# The preamplifier can be integrated with following types IR detectors:

Detector Type	Description	
PCQ	quadrant photoconductive	
PVMQ	quadrant multiple heterojunction photovoltaic	

## Schematic Diagram

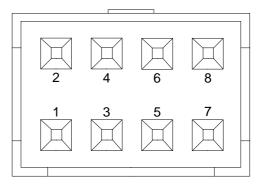


\*) Only for biased detectors

## **Power Supply Connector**

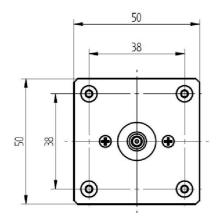
Pin Number	Symbol	Function	
1	$-V_{\text{sup}}$	power supply input (–)	
2	N.C.	not connected	
3	GND	power ground	
4	N.C.	not connected	
5	GND	power ground	
6	N.C	not connected	
7	+V <sub>sup</sub>	power supply input (+)	
8	N.C.	not connected	

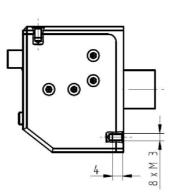
## AMP2x4 Connector Male

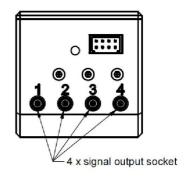


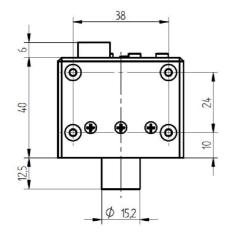


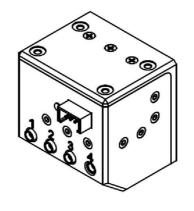
## **Physical Dimensions [mm]**

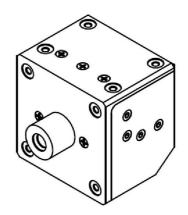














### **Recommended Accessories**

MPPS-01	PPS-02	PPS-03	MCX-BNC	MCX-SMA
MPPS-01 A Rotes Acarges A Rotes Acarges O Notes Sorres	Mar	Processing SA	3 01	
Preamplifier Power Supply	Preamplifier Power Supply	Preamplifier Power Supply	Signal Output Cable	Signal Output Cable
AMP2x4-MIC5	AMP2x4-DB9	AMP2x4-POWER	AC Adaptor	Power Cable EU
Power Supply Cable	Power Supply Cable	Power Supply Cable	Power Supply Adaptor	Power Cable
Power Cable UK	Power Cable US	MHS-3	DRB-1	DRB-2
C. Market		AVAILABLE SOON		
Power Cable	Power Cable	Additional Heat Sink	Base Mounting System	Base Mounting System
MP	PH	STA-8x1-4		
	ppp			
Mounting Post	Post Holder	Special Thread Adapter		